## IN THE UNITED STATES COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS

Curtis J Neeley Jr., MFA

Plaintiff

TIN DISTRICT ARIVE 'SA

V

**CASE NO. 12-5208** 

SEP 1 9 2012 CHRIS R. JOHNSON, CI

Federal Communications Commission, Microsoft Corporation, Google Inc.

Defendants

## PLAINTIFF'S MOTION OR DEMAND FOR JURY AND FRCP RULE 5.1 ADVISEMENT TO THE DISTRICT COURT

- 1. Plaintiff now makes a specific legal <u>demand for a jury</u> guaranteed by the Seventh Amendment. The Seventh Amendment Right<sup>1</sup> to a jury makes decisions no longer the exclusive responsibility of judges. The complaint mentions the jury in the "conclusion" section ¶¶ (3, 9) on pages (13, 15) and in the "prayer" section ¶14 on page seventeen due to the extreme nature of the "Prayer". The complaint, however, did not specifically demand a jury. This is either a motion or a demand for the jury mentioned in the complaint but technically not "demanded" elsewhere.
- 2. Plaintiff in this action has challenged the constitutionality of 47 USC §230(c)(1) and the constitutionality of 17 USC §107 and the District Court must certify this challenge to the United States Attorney General per FRCP Rule 5.1(b) so that the Attorney General may intervene per 28 USC §2403.

Respectfully Submitted,

Curtis Neeley Jr., MFA

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise reexamined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.